PARMA PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCY

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SINGLE AUDIT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
Department of Parma Public Housing
Parma, Ohio

Regional Inspector General of Audit
Department of Housing and Urban Development

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the Department of Parma Public Housing, City of Parma, Ohio as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, which collectively comprise the Department's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Department of Parma Public Housing, City of Parma, Ohio's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the Department of Parma Public Housing, City of Parma, Ohio, are intended to present the financial position, and the changes in financial position and cash flows of only that portion of the business-type activities that are attributable to the transactions of the Department. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of Parma, Ohio as of December 31, 2010, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Department of Parma Public Housing, City of Parma as of December 31, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated May 31, 2011, on our consideration of the Department of Parma Public Housing, City of Parma, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Department of Parma Public Housing, City of Parma, Ohio's basic financial statements as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The Authority has not presented the Financial Data Schedules (FDS) utilized by the Department of Housing and Urban Development for additional analysis, although not required to be part of the basic financial statements. The FDS are not available due to revisions in the reporting system that the Department is in the process of completing.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

May 31, 2011

The Parma Public Housing Agency's ("the Agency") Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to **a)** assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, **b)** provide an overview of the Agency's financial activity, **c)** identify changes in the Agency's position, and **d)** identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the MD&A is designed to focus on the 2010 year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Agency's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The Agency's net assets increased by $111,167, or 4 percent, during 2010, resulting from changes in operations. Since the Agency engages in only business-type activities, the increase is all in the category of business-type net assets.
- Revenues increased by $170,929, or 3 percent, during 2010.
- The total expenses of the Agency's programs increased by $131,812, or 2 percent.

Overview of the Agency's Financial Statements

The Agency's financial statements are designed to be corporate-like in that all business-type activities are consolidated into columns, which add to a total for the entire Agency.

The Agency's financial statements include a Statement of Net Assets, which is similar to a balance sheet. The Statement of Net Assets reports all financial and capital resources for the Agency. The Statement is presented in the format where assets minus liabilities equal "Net Assets", formerly known as equity. Assets and liabilities are presented in order of liquidity and are classified as "Current" (convertible into cash within one year), and "Non-current".

The focus of the Statement of Net Assets (the "Unrestricted Net Assets") is designed to represent the net available liquid (non-capital) assets, net of liabilities, for the entire Agency. Net assets (formerly equity) are reported in three broad categories:

Net Assets, Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - This component of Net Assets consists of all capital assets reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Assets - This component of Net Assets consists of restricted assets when constraints are placed on the asset by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, etc.

Unrestricted Net Assets - This component consists of Net Assets that do not meet the definition of "Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt" or "Restricted Net Assets".

The Agency's financial statements also include a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets, which is similar to an Income Statement. This Statement includes Operating Revenue, such as rental income, Operating Expenses, such as administrative, utilities, maintenance, and depreciation, and Non-Operating Revenue and Expenses, such as capital grant revenue, investment income, and interest expense.

The focus of the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets is the "Change in Net Assets", which is similar to Net Income or Loss.

Fund Financial Statements

The Agency consists of exclusively enterprise funds. Enterprise funds utilize the full accrual basis of accounting. The enterprise method of accounting is similar to accounting utilized by the private sector accounting.

Many of the programs maintained by the Agency are done so as required by the Department of Housing and Urban Development. Others are segregated to enhance accountability and control.

The Agency's Programs

Conventional Public Housing - Under the Conventional Public Housing Program, the Agency rents units that it owns to low-income households. The Conventional Public Housing Program is operated under an Annual Contributions Contract (ACC) with HUD, and HUD provides Operating Subsidy and Capital Grant funding to enable the Agency to provide the housing at a rent that is based upon 30 percent of household income. The Conventional Public Housing Program also includes the Capital Fund Program, which is the primary funding source for physical and management improvements to the Agency's properties.

Housing Choice Voucher Program - Under the Housing Choice Voucher Program, the Agency administers contracts with independent landlords that own the property. The Agency subsidizes the family's rent through a Housing Assistance Payment made to the landlord. The program is administered under an Annual Contribution Contract with HUD. HUD provides Annual Contributions Funding to enable the Agency to structure a lease that sets the participants' rent at 30 percent of household income. The Agency earns administrative fees to cover the cost of administering the program.

The Agency's Statements

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Assets compared to prior year.

Table 1 - Statement of Net Assets

	2010	2009
Assets		
Current and Other Assets	$ 940,526	$ 1,131,088
Capital Assets	1,994,779	2,063,638
Total Assets	$ 2,935,305	$ 3,194,726
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities	$ 54,731	$ 459,440
Long-term Liabilities	74,085	39,964
Total Liabilities	128,816	499,404
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	1,994,779	2,063,638
Restricted Net Assets	394,253	314,042
Unrestricted Net Assets	417,457	317,642
Total Net Assets	2,806,489	2,695,322
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	$ 2,935,305	$ 3,194,726

For more detail information, see Statement of Net Assets presented on page 9.

Major Factors Affecting the Statement of Net Assets

During 2010, current and other assets decreased by $190,562, and current liabilities decreased by $404,709. The change in current assets was due mainly to the change in cash. The current liabilities decrease was mainly due to the change in deferred revenue. The 2009 financial statements included a deferred revenue for January 2010 revenue received in December. The 2010 deferred revenue only represents tenant prepaid rent.

Capital assets decreased from $2,063,638 in 2009 to $1,994,779 in 2010. The $68,859 decrease is contributed primarily to the current year additions of $70,023, less current year depreciation expense of $138,882. For more detail see "Capital Assets" presented later in this report.

The following table presents details on the change in Unrestricted Net Assets.

Table 2 - Change of Unrestricted Net Assets

Beginning Balance - January 1, 2010	$ 317,642
Results of Operations	111,167
Adjustments:	
Current Year Depreciation Expense (1)	138,882
Capital Expenditures (2)	(70,023)
Transfer from Restricted Net Assets (3)	(80,211)
Ending Balance - December 31, 2010	$ 417,457

(1) Depreciation is treated as an expense and reduces the results of operations but does not have an impact on Unrestricted Net Assets.

(2) Capital expenditures represent an outflow of unrestricted net assets, but are not treated as an expense against Results of Operations, and therefore must be deducted.

(3) Net Assets related to excess housing assistance revenue on the Housing Choice Voucher program is now shown as restricted.

While the results of operations are a significant measure of the Agency's activities, the analysis of the changes in Unrestricted Net Assets provides a clearer presentation of the Agency's financial position.

The following schedule compares the revenues and expenses for the current and previous fiscal year.

Table 3 - Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

	2010	2009
Revenues		
Total Tenant Revenues	$ 115,994	$ 115,575
Operating Subsidies	5,356,123	5,107,021
Capital Grants	62,656	130,037
Investment Income	1,200	1,271
Other Revenues	11,012	22,152
Total Revenues	5,546,985	5,376,056
Expenses		
Administrative	505,981	467,056
Tenant Services	41,153	40,300
Utilities	80,014	84,274
Maintenance	116,960	116,284
Protective Services	2,747	679
General Expenses	53,110	40,117
Housing Assistance Payments	4,496,971	4,431,078
Depreciation	138,882	124,218
Total Expenses	5,435,818	5,304,006
Net Increases (Decreases)	$ 111,167	$ 72,050

Major Factors Affecting the Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

Total revenue increased by $170,929 for the year. The revenue was $5,376,056 in 2009 and $5,546,985 in 2010. The increase is mainly due to increased grant income for the Housing Choice Voucher Program.

Capital Grant revenue decreased by $67,381 during the year. This decrease is due to less capital funded activities performed during the year.

Total expenses increased by $131,812 for the year. The increase was mainly due to increase in housing assistance expense, legal fees and other administrative expense.

Capital Assets

As of year-end, the Agency had $1,994,779 invested in a variety of capital assets as reflected in the following schedule, which represents a net decrease of $68,859, or 3 percent from the end of last year.

Table 4 - Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation)

	2010	2009
Land and Land Rights	$ 13,000	$ 13,000
Buildings	3,205,233	3,205,233
Furniture, Equipment, and Machinery - Dwelling	57,756	51,556
Furniture, Equipment, and Machinery - Admin.	142,084	135,587
Leasehold Improvements	837,951	637,876
Construction in Progress	0	142,749
Accumulated Depreciation	(2,261,245)	(2,122,363)
Net Capital Assets	$ 1,994,779	$ 2,063,638

The following reconciliation identifies the change in Capital Assets.

Beginning Balance - January 1, 2010	$2,063,638
Current Year Additions	70,023
Current Year Depreciation Expense	(138,882)
Ending Balance - December 31, 2010	$ 1,994,779

Current year additions are summarized as follows:

Dumpsters	$ 2,755
Hot Water Tank	11,252
Locks	1,483
Electrical Improvements	13,881
Floor Replacement	39,443
Security Cameras	1,209
Total 2010 Additions	$ 70,023

Debt Outstanding

As of year-end, the Agency had no debt (bonds, notes, etc.) outstanding.

Economic Factors

Significant economic factors affecting the Agency are as follows:

- Federal funding provided by Congress to the Department of Housing and Urban Development. It is anticipated that funding for 2011 is projected to be 70-80 percent of expenditure level.
- Local labor supply and demand, which can affect salary and wage rates
- Local inflationary, recessionary, and employment trends, which can affect resident incomes and therefore the amount of rental income
- Inflationary pressure on utility rates, supplies, and other costs.

Financial Contact

The individual to be contacted regarding this report is Lev Kulchytsky, Executive Director of the Parma Public Housing Agency, at (216) 661-2015. Specific requests may be submitted to the Parma Public Housing Agency, 1440 Rockside Road, Suite 306, Parma, Ohio 44134.

PARMA PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCY
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
DECEMBER 31, 2010

ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
Unrestricted	$ 449,930
Restricted	445,593
Receivables, Net	43,035
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	1,968
Total Current Assets	940,526
Noncurrent Assets	
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	13,000
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	1,981,779
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,994,779
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 2,935,305
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	$ 19,348
Accrued Liabilities	23,336
Tenant Security Deposits	11,563
Deferred Revenue	484
Total Current Liabilities	54,731
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Accrued Compensated Absences Non-Current	34,308
Other Non-Current Liabilities	39,777
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	74,085
Total Liabilities	$ 128,816
NET ASSETS	
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	$ 1,994,779
Restricted Net Assets	394,253
Unrestricted Net Assets	417,457
Total Net Assets	2,806,489
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	$ 2,935,305

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

PARMA PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Operating Revenues	
Government Grants	$ 5,356,123
Tenant Revenue	115,994
Other Revenue	11,012
Total Operating Revenues	5,483,129
Operating Expenses	
Administrative	505,981
Tenant Services	41,153
Utilities	80,014
Maintenance	116,960
Protective Services	2,747
General	53,110
Housing Assistance Payments	4,496,971
Depreciation	138,882
Total Operating Expenses	5,435,818
Income (Loss) Before Depreciation	47,311
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest and Investment Revenue	1,200
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	1,200
Income (Loss) before Capital Grants	48,511
Capital Grants	62,656
Change in Net Assets	111,167
Total Net Assets, Beginning of Year	2,695,322
Net Assets, End of Year	$ 2,806,489

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

PARMA PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCY
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Operating Grants Received	$ 4,924,561
Tenant Revenue Received	105,158
Housing Assistance Payments	(4,496,971)
General and Administrative Expenses Paid	(762,050)
Other Revenue Received	11,012
Net Cash (Provided) by Operating Activities	(218,290)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Property and Equipment Purchased	(70,023)
Capital Grants Received	62,656
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Other Related Financing Activities	(7,367)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Interest and Investment Income Received	1,200
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	1,200
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(224,457)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	1,119,980
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	$ 895,523
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Net Operating (Loss)	$ 47,311
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Depreciation	138,882
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(34,117)
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Assets	222
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(7,147)
Increase (Decrease) in Deferred Revenue	(403,688)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Compensated Absences - Current	2,927
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Compensated Absences - Noncurrent	12,057
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses Payable	3,905
Increase (Decrease) in Tenant Security Deposits	(536)
Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities	21,894
Net Cash Used by (Provided by) Operating Activities	$ (218,290)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Reporting Entity

The Department of Parma Public Housing, City of Parma, Ohio, was created by the Codified Ordinances of the City of Parma, Chapter 2101, Ordinance 66-85 that was passed on March 20, 1985. The Department of Parma Public Housing, City of Parma, Ohio, contracts with the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to provide low and moderate income persons with safe and sanitary housing through subsidies provided by HUD. The Department of Parma Public Housing, City of Parma, Ohio, depends on subsidies from HUD to operate.

The nucleus of the financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 is the "primary government". A fundamental characteristic of a primary government is that it is a fiscally independent entity. In evaluating how to define the financial reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units. A component unit is a legally separate entity for which the primary government is financially accountable. The criteria of financial accountability is the ability of the primary government to impose its will upon the potential component unit. These criteria were considered in determining the reporting entity. The Agency has no component units based on the above considerations, however, the Agency is reported as part of the City of Parma, Ohio's reporting entity.

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the Agency have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, the Agency has elected to apply the provisions of Statements and Interpretations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with GASB pronouncements. The Agency will continue applying all applicable pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

The Agency's basic financial statements consist of a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets, and a statement of cash flows.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)
The Agency uses a single enterprise fund to maintain its financial records on an accrual basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Enterprise fund reporting focuses on the determination of the change in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. An enterprise fund may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods and services.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting
The enterprise fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the Agency are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the Agency finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Agency's enterprise fund are charges to tenants for rent and operating subsidies from HUD. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the costs of facility maintenance, housing assistance payments, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Use of Estimates
The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents
The Agency considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

NOTE 1: **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Costs that materially add to the productive capacity or extend the life of an asset are capitalized while maintenance and repair costs are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is computed on the straight line method based on the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40 years
Building Improvements	15 years
Land Improvements	15 years
Equipment	7 years
Autos	5 years
Computers	3 years

Capitalization of Interest

The Agency's policy is not to capitalize interest related to the construction or purchase of capital assets.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Cost based measures of fair value were applied to nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and money market investments.

Compensated Absences

The Agency accounts for compensated absences in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. Sick leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments. To calculate the liability, these accumulations are reduced to the maximum amount allowed as a termination payment. All employees who meet the termination policy of the Agency for years of service are included in the calculation of the compensated absences accrual amount.

Vacation leave and other compensated absences with similar characteristics are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned by the employees if both of the following conditions are met: **(1)** the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee; and **(2)** it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement.

In the proprietary fund, the compensated absences are expensed when earned with the amount reported as a liability. Information regarding compensated absences is detailed in Note 6.

NOTE 2: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash on Hand

At December 31, 2010, the Agency had undeposited cash on hand, petty cash, of $400.

At December 31, 2010, the carrying amount of the Agency's cash deposits was $895,123 and the bank balance was $916,930. Based on criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investments Risk Disclosures*, as of December 31, 2010, deposits totaling $440,267 were covered by Federal Depository Insurance and deposits totaling $476,663 was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the Agency's name.

Custodial credit is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Agency's deposits may not be returned. The Agency's policy is to place deposits with major local banks approved by the Board. Multiple financial institution collateral pools that insure public deposits must maintain collateral in excess of 110 percent of deposits. All deposits, except for deposits held by fiscal and escrow agents, are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 110 percent of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by Chapter 135 of the Ohio Revised Code, is held in financial institution pools at Federal Reserve banks, or at member banks of the Federal Reserve system in the name of the respective depository bank, and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds, or as specific collateral held at a Federal Reserve bank in the name of the Agency.

Investments

The Agency does not have a formal investment policy. The Agency follows GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, and records all its investments at fair value. At December 31, 2010, the Agency had no investments.

Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value of losses caused by rising interest rates, the Agency's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within 2 years from the date of purchase and that its investment portfolio be structured so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and/or long-term debt payments. The stated intent of the policy is to avoid the need to sell securities prior to maturity.

NOTE 2: **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

Credit Risk

The credit risk of the Agency's investments are in the table below. The Agency has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Agency will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Agency has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the controller or qualified trustee.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Agency places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one institution. The Agency's deposits in financial institutions represents 100 percent of its deposits.

Cash and investments at year-end were as follows:

Cash and Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (in Years) <1
Carrying Amount of Deposits	$ 895,123	$ 895,123
Petty Cash	400	400
Totals	$ 895,523	$ 895,523

NOTE 3: **RESTRICTED CASH**

The restricted cash balance of $445,593 on the financial statements represents the following:

Excess Cash Advanced to the Housing Choice Voucher Program by HUD for Housing Assistance Payments	$ 394,253
FSS Escrow Funds	39,777
Tenant Security Deposits	11,563
Total Restricted Cash	$ 445,593

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital assets at December 31, 2010 by class is as follows:

	01/01/2010	Adjustments	Additions	Deletions	12/21/2010
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated					
Land	$ 13,000	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 13,000
Construction in Progress	142,749	(142,749)	0	0	0
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	155,749	(142,749)	0	0	13,000
Capital Assets Being Depreciated					
Buildings and Improvements	3,205,233	0	0	0	3,205,233
Furniture, Equipment, and Machinery - Dwellings	51,556	0	6,200	0	57,756
Furniture, Equipment, and Machinery - Administrative	135,587	0	6,497	0	142,084
Leasehold Improvements	637,876	142,749	57,326	0	837,951
Subtotal Capital Assets Being Depreciated	4,030,252	142,749	70,023	0	4,243,024
Accumulated Depreciation					
Buildings and Improvements	(1,722,799)	0	(80,131)	0	(1,802,930)
Furniture, Equipment, and Machinery - Dwellings	(39,401)	0	(3,925)	0	(43,326)
Furniture, Equipment, and Machinery - Administrative	(113,599)	0	(18,050)	0	(131,649)
Leasehold Improvements	(246,564)	0	(36,776)	0	(283,340)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(2,122,363)	0	(138,882)	0	(2,261,245)
Depreciation Assets, Net	1,907,889	142,749	(68,859)	0	1,981,779
Total Capital Assets, Net	$ 2,063,638	$ 0	$ (68,859)	$ 0	$ 1,944,779

NOTE 5: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS-PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System

The Agency participates in the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) through the City of Parma. OPERS administers three separate pension plans. The Traditional Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Member Directed Plan is a defined contribution plan in which the member invests both member and employer contributions (employer contributions vest over five years at 20 percent per year). Under the Member Directed Plan, members accumulate retirement assets equal to the value of member and vested employer contributions plus any investment earnings. The Combined Plan is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and a defined contribution plan. Under the Combined Plan, employer contributions are invested by the retirement system to provide a formula retirement benefit similar in nature to the Traditional Plan benefit. Member contributions, whose investment is self-directed by the member, accumulate retirement assets in a manner similar to the Member Directed Plan.

NOTE 5: DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS-PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (Continued)
OPERS provides retirement, disability, survivor and death benefits, and annual cost of living adjustments to members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan do not qualify for ancillary benefits. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by State statute per Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code. OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by making a written request to 277 East Town Street, Columbus, Ohio 43215-4642 or by calling (614) 222-6705 or 1-800-222-7377.

For the year ended December 31, 2009, the members of all three plans were required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Agency's contribution rate for pension benefits for 2009 was 14 percent. The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for members and employer contributions.

The Ohio Revised Code provides statutory authority for member and employer contributions. Effective January 1, 2010, the members of all three plans were required to contribute 10.0 percent of their annual covered salaries. The Authority's contribution rate for 2010 was 14.0 percent of covered payroll.

The Agency's required contributions to OPERS for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were $46,520, $46,143, and $52,373 respectively; the full amount has been contributed for 2010, 2009, and 2008.

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NOTE 6: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Plan Description

The Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) administers three separate pension plans: the Traditional Pension Plan - a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan; the Member-Directed Plan - a defined contribution plan; and the Combined Plan - a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined pension plan that has elements of both a defined benefit and defined contribution plan.

OPERS maintains a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined post-employment health care plan, which includes a medical plan, prescription drug program, and Medicare Part B premium reimbursement, to qualifying members of both the Traditional Pension and the Combined plans. Members of the Member-Directed Plan does not qualify for ancillary benefits, including post-employment health care coverage.

In order to qualify for post-employment health care coverage, age and service retirees under the Traditional Pension and Combined plans must have 10 or more years of qualifying Ohio service credit. Health care coverage for disability benefit recipients and qualified survivor benefit recipients is available. The health care coverage provided by OPERS meets the definition of an Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) as described in GASB Statement No. 45.

The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not mandate, OPERS to provide OPEB benefits to its eligible members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided in Chapter 145 of the Ohio Revised Code.

OPERS issues a stand-alone financial report. Interested parties may obtain a copy by writing OPERS, 277 East Town Street, Columbus, OH 43215-4642, or by calling 614-222-5601 or 1-800-222-7377.

B. Funding Policy

The Ohio Revised Code provides the statutory authority requiring public employers to fund post-retirement health care through their contributions to OPERS. A portion of each employer's contribution to OPERS is set aside for the funding of post-retirement health care benefits.

Employer contributions rates are expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of active members. In 2010, the Authority contributed at a rate of 14.00 percent of covered payroll. The Ohio Revised Code currently limits the employer contributions to a rate not to exceed 14.00 percent of covered payroll for state and local employer units. Active members do not make contributions to the OPEB plan.

NOTE 6: **POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS** (Continued)

B. **Funding Policy** (Continued)

OPER's Post-Employment Health Care Plan was established under, and is administered in accordance with, Internal Revenue Code 401(h). Each year, the OPERS Retirement Board determines the portion of the employer contribution rate that will be set aside for funding of post-employment health care benefits. The portion of employer contributions allocated to health care for members in the Traditional Plan was 5.5 percent from October 1, 2009 through February 28, 2010 and 5.0 percent from March 1 through September 2010. The OPERS Retirement Board is also authorized to established rules for the payment of a portion of the health care coverage by the retiree or their surviving beneficiaries. Payment amounts vary depending on the number of covered dependents and the coverage selected.

Actual Authority contributions for the years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 which were used to fund post-employment benefits were $16,236, $19,364 and $26,186, respectively.

On September 9, 2004, the OPERS Retirement Board adopted a Health Care Preservation Plan (HCPP) with an effective date of January 1, 2007. Member and employer contribution rates increased as of January 1, 2006 to January 1, 2008, which allowed additional funds to be allocated to the health care plan.

NOTE 7: **COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

Vacation and sick leave policies are established by the Board of Commissioners based on local and state laws.

All permanent employees will earn 10 hours sick leave per month of service. Unused sick leave may be accumulated without limit. At the time of separation, union employees receive payment for thirty (30) days of unused sick leave. All permanent employees will earn vacation hours accumulated based on length of service. All vacation time earned must be used in the year earned without accumulation.

At December 31, 2010, the current portion is $12,980 and the long term portion is $34,308.

NOTE 7: **COMPENSATED ABSENCES** (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in compensated absences for the year ended December 31, 2010:

Balance 12/31/09	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/10	Due Within One Year
$ 32,304	$ 37,688	$ 22,704	$ 47,288	$ 12,980

NOTE 8: **INSURANCE**

The Agency is covered for property damage, general liability, automobile liability, law enforcement liability, public officials liability, and other crime liabilities through membership in the Housing Authority Risk Retention Group, Inc. (HARRG). HARRG is an insurance risk pool comprised of public housing authorities, of which Parma Public Housing Agency is one. Deductibles and coverage limits are summarized below:

Type of Coverage	Deductible	Coverage Limits
Property	$ 1,000	$ 5,631,788
Boiler and Machinery	250	$ 565,228/ Per Accident
General Liability	500	1,000,000/2,000,000
Automobile Liability	500	1,000,000/2,000,000
Public Officials	1,000	1,000,000/2,000,000
Business Computers	500	5,000 Software/ 7,500 Hardware

Additionally, Workers' Compensation insurance is maintained through the State of Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation, in which rates are calculated retrospectively. The Agency is also fully insured through a premium payment plan with Aetna Health, Inc. for employee health care benefits. Settled claims have not exceeded the Agency's insurance in any of the past three years.

NOTE 9: **CONTINGENCIES**

Grants

Amounts grantor agencies pay to the Agency are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor, principally the federal government. Grantors may require refunding any disallowed costs or excess reserve balances. Management cannot presently determine amounts grantors may disallow or recapture. However, based on prior experience, management believes any such disallowed claims or recapture amounts would not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Agency at December 31, 2010.

NOTE 9: **CONTINGENCIES** (Continued)

Litigations and Claims

In the normal course of operations the PHA may be subject to litigation and claims. At December 31, 2010 the PHA was not involved in such matters.

NOTE 10: **CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES**

For fiscal year 2010, the Authority implemented GASB Statement No. 51, *Accounting and Reporting for Intangible Assets*, GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, GASB Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*, GASB Statement No. 56, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in the AICPA Statements on Auditing Standards*, and GASB Statement No.58, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Chapter 9 Bankruptcies.*

The implementation of GASB Statements No. 51, No.54, No. 55, No. 56, and No. 58 did not affect the presentation of the financial statements of the Authority.

PARMA PUBLIC HOUSING AGENCY
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		
Direct Programs:		
Public Housing Programs		
Low Rent Public Housing Program	14.850	$ 235,148
CFP Cluster		
Capital Fund Program	14,872	76,965
Public Housing Capital Fund Stimulus Recovery Act Funded	14.885	16,400
Total CFP Cluster		93,365
Total Public Housing Programs		328,513
Section 8 Tenant Based Programs		
Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher Program	14.871	5,090,266
Total Section 8 Tenant Based Programs		5,090,266
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development		5,418,779
Total Federal Assistance		$ 5,418,779

This schedule is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

JAMES G. ZUPKA, C.P.A., INC.
Certified Public Accountants
5240 East 98th Street
Garfield Hts., Ohio 44125

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Board of Directors
Department of Parma Public Housing
Parma, Ohio

Regional Inspector General for Audit
Department of Housing and Urban Development

We have audited the financial statements of the Department of Parma Public Housing, City of Parma, Ohio, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, wherein we noted that the statements reflect only the Department of Public Housing and not the financial position of the City of Parma, Ohio, which collectively comprise the Department of Parma Public Housing, City of Parma, Ohio's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated May 31, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Department of Parma Public Housing, City of Parma, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department of Parma Public Housing, City of Parma, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department of Parma Public Housing, City of Parma, Ohio's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Department of Parma Public Housing, City of Parma, Ohio's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management, Board of Directors, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

May 31, 2011

JAMES G. ZUPKA, C.P.A., INC.
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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Directors
Parma Public Housing Agency
Parma, Ohio

Regional Inspector General of Audit
Department of Housing and Urban Development

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Department of Parma Public Housing Agency, City of Parma, Ohio, with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Department of Parma Public Housing Agency, City of Parma, Ohio's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2010. The Department of Parma Public Housing Agency, City of Parma, Ohio's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Department of Parma Public Housing Agency, City of Parma, Ohio's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Department of Parma Public Housing Agency, City of Parma, Ohio's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133 *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Department of Parma Public Housing Agency, City of Parma, Ohio's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Department of Parma Public Housing Agency, City of Parma, Ohio's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Department of Parma Public Housing Agency, City of Parma, Ohio, complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Department of Parma Public Housing Agency, City of Parma, Ohio, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Department of Parma Public Housing Agency, City of Parma, Ohio's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Department of Parma Public Housing, City of Parma, Ohio's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management, the Board of Directors, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

James G. Zupka, CPA, Inc.

James G. Zupka CPA, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

May 31, 2011

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

2010(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unqualified
2010(ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
2010(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statements level (GAGAS)?	No
2010(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
2010(iv)	Were there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major Federal programs?	No
2010(iv)	Were there any other significant deficiency conditions reported for major Federal programs?	No
2010(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unqualified
2010(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under .510?	No
2010(vii)	Major Programs (list):	
	Housing Choice Voucher Program - CFDA #14.871	
2010(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: >$300,000 Type B: all others
2010(ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None.

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None.

The prior audit report, as of December 31, 2009, included no citations. Management letter recommendations have been corrected, or procedures instituted to prevent occurrences in this audit period.